

The study of carbon storage of prominent plant species in the summer and rainy seasons of BangRak Trang.

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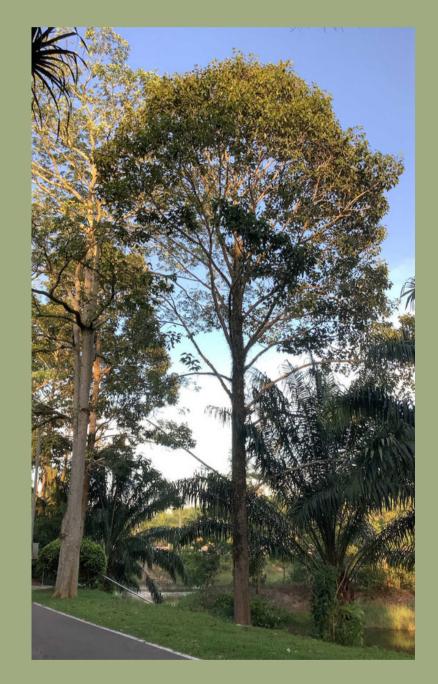
## Introduction



## Introduction







White Cheesewood Alstonia scholaris

Indian oak Barringtonia acutangula



#### Yang Sentang Dipterocarpus alatus Azadirachta excelsa Jacobs

# objective

 To study the amount of carbon storage of prominent plant species in Bang Rak Subdistrict, Trang Province, during the summer and rainy seasons. 3

2. To study the growth of prominent plant species in Bang Rak Subdistrict, Trang Province, during the summer and rainy seasons.

# Materials and equipments





#### tape measure

## Globe observers application Carbon Storage application



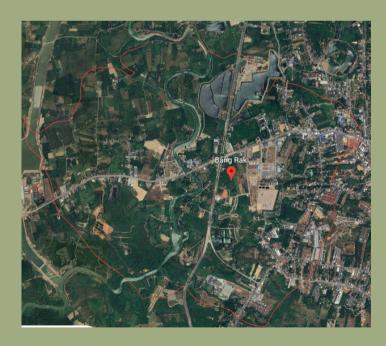
## Methods



Weather study



Set up a data storage area



Calculate the amount of carbon storage



### Measure the growth progress

## Measure height

 $\overline{0}$ 

#### Measure circumference



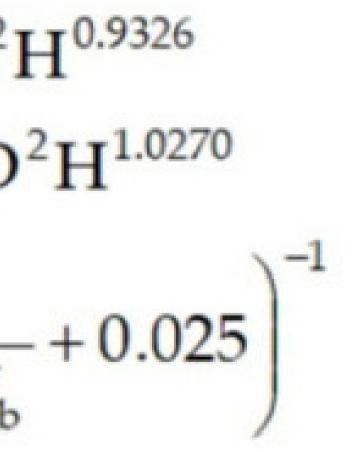
Analyze data

# Methods

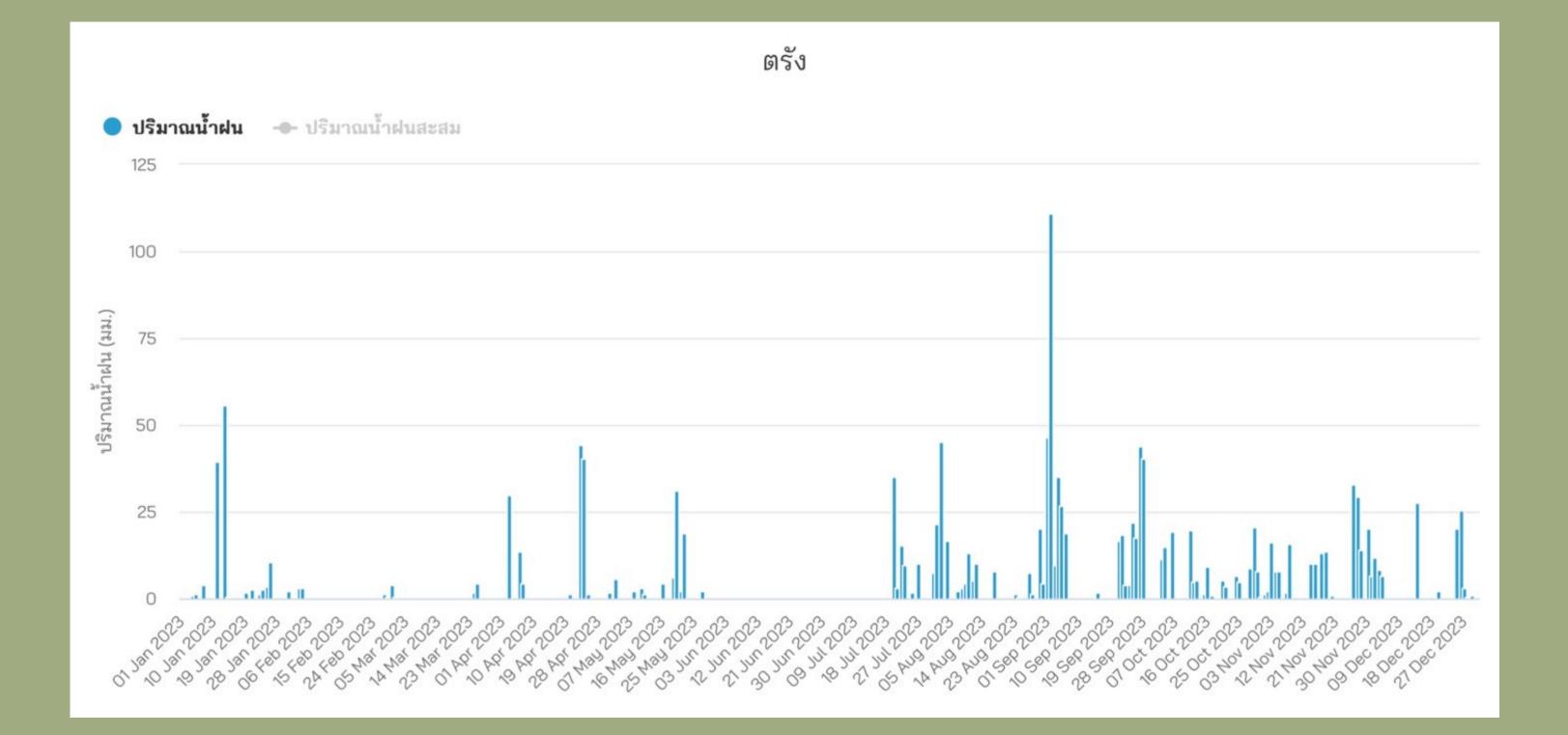
Calculate the amount of carbon storage of prominent plant species In the subdistrict.

It is calculated from the carbon storage app, which uses height and circumference data of the tree. The principles of allometry equations are used in the calculations.

 $W_s = 0.0396 D^2 H^{0.9326}$  $W_b = 0.00348 D^2 H^{1.0270}$  $W_1 = \left(\frac{28.0}{W_1 + W_1} + 0.025\right)$ 



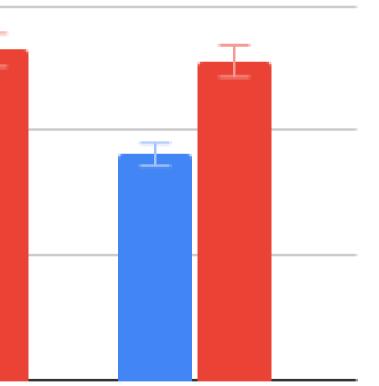
## **Results : Rainfall information**



## **Results : the study of tree heights in summer and rainy season**

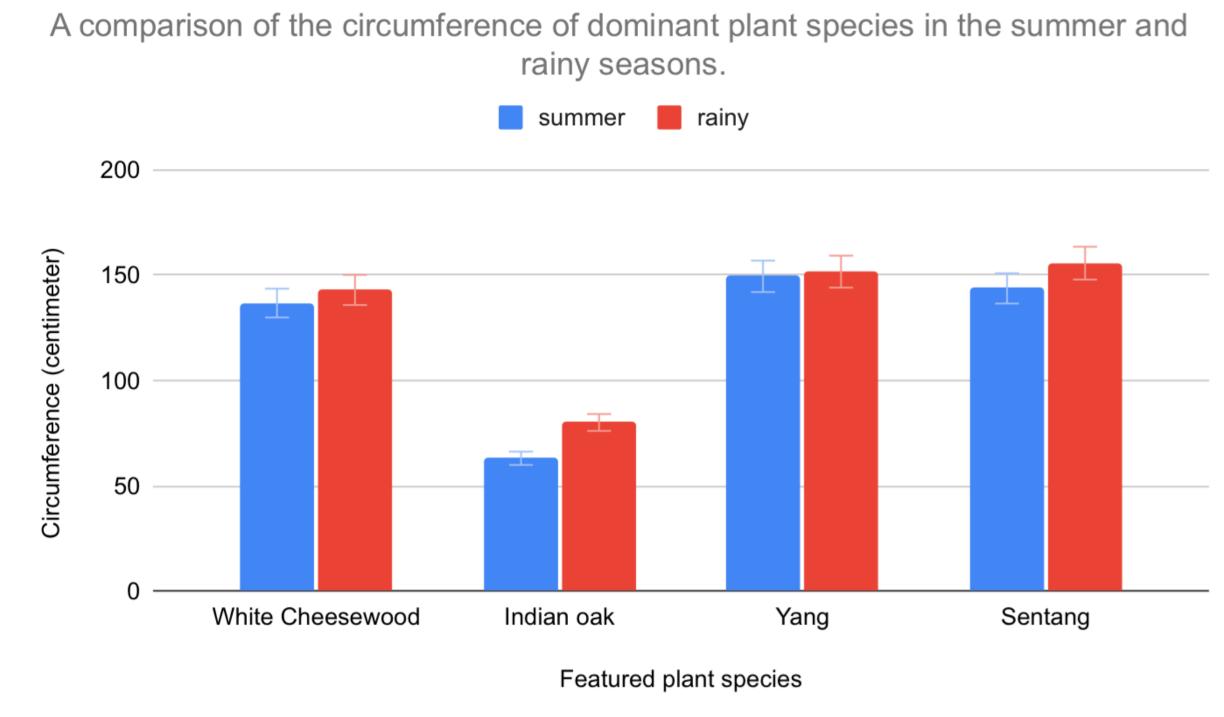
A comparison of the heights of dominant plant species in the summer and rainy seasons. summer rainy 30 Average height (meters) 20 10 0 White Cheesewood Indian oak Yang Featured plant species

### 8



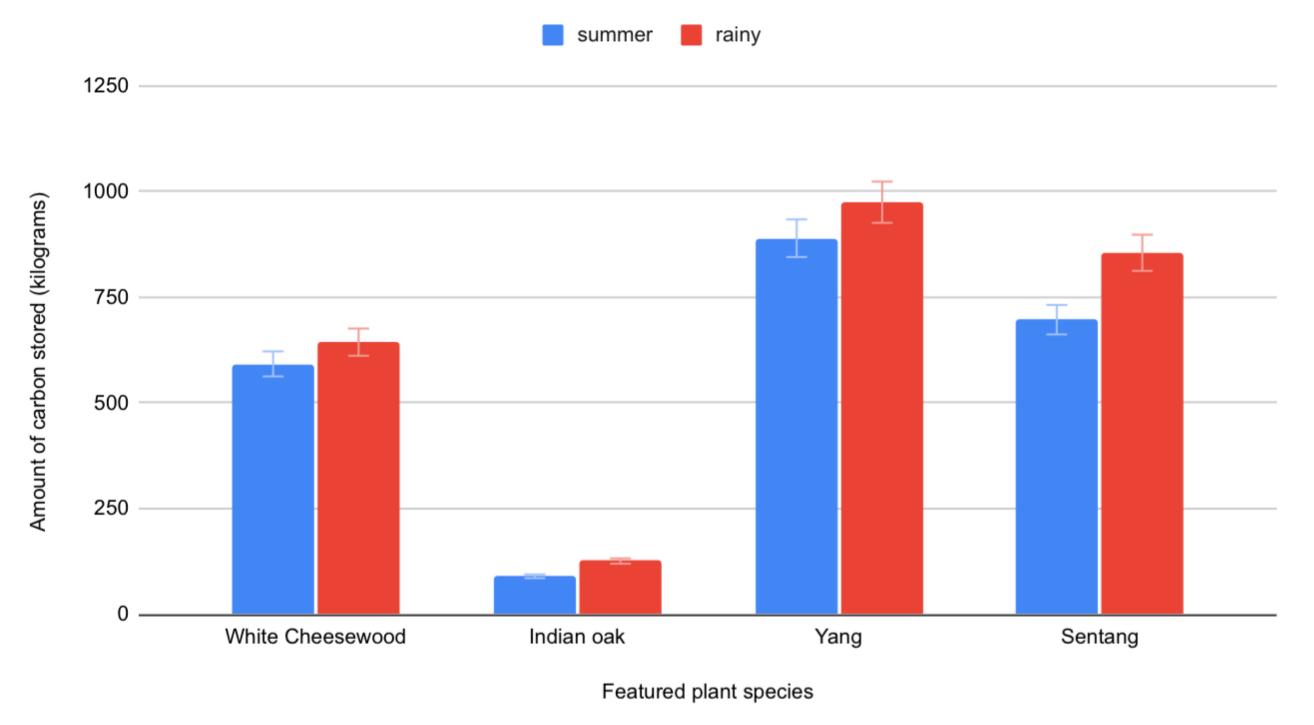
Sentang

## Results : the study of tree circumference in summer and rainy season



#### 10 Results : the study of tree carbon storage in summer and rainy season

A comparison of the carbon storage of the dominant plant species in the summer and rainy seasons.



# Conclusion

The amount of carbon storage of each prominent plant species in the subdistrict. Summer and rainy season The average has increased. and there is a statistical significant difference The prominent plant species with the highest average amount of carbon storage is the Yang Na tree. The prominent plant species with the largest increase in carbon during the rainy season is the Chiknam tree, which increased by 40.19 percent.

Growth (height, girth) of each dominant plant species in the school. Summer and rainy season The average has increased. and there is a statistical significant difference The prominent plant species with the greatest increase in average height during the rainy season is the artificial neem tree. And the outstanding plant species with the greatest increase in average circumference during the rainy season is the Chiknam tree.

# References

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