

# Development of an Eco-Friendly Hydrocarbon-Absorbing Robotic Fish for Community Water Quality Improvement.

Developers : Miss Pramkamol Koomphol, Miss Nicharee Nu-ngoen  
Advisors : Ms.Apasri Chumchuen, Ms. Pitchaya Tipsri  
School : Princess Chulabhorn Science High School Trang



## ABSTRACT

Grease-contaminated household wastewater is a major source of pollution in community water bodies. This study assessed water quality and developed a hydrocarbon-absorbing robotic fish for grease removal. Water quality was evaluated at Khlong Chang and the Nong Trut community in Trang Province, Thailand, using the GLOBE protocol. Results showed lower dissolved oxygen and transparency, with higher temperature and pH in the community area, indicating grease contamination. A robotic fish incorporating an ESP32-based control system, real-time water quality sensors, and natural hydrocarbon-absorbing materials was developed. The results demonstrated effective grease absorption and improved water quality, highlighting the potential of this eco-friendly robotic system for mitigating grease pollution in community water sources.

## INTRODUCTION

### Fat ,Oil and Grease (FOG)

Area	FOG (mg/L)
Khlong Chang area	117.3
Ban Nong Trut Community area	25.3

### Effect

- Mortality of aquatic organisms
- Organic sediments
- Water pollution

### The conventional approach

The utilization of chemicals.

### Internal treatment system for robotic fish.

Pennisetum pedicellatum

Water filtration canister

Aquapurifier Robofish

## RESEARCH QUESTION

1. Is there a difference in water quality between the two area ?
2. Can the developed robotic fish absorb grease contamination in water sources?
3. Is there a difference in water quality before and after treatment using the grease-absorbing robotic fish ?

## RESEARCH HYPOTHESES

1. The water quality at two area is significantly different.
2. The developed robotic fish is capable of absorbing grease contamination in water sources.
3. Water quality before and after treatment using the grease-absorbing robotic fish in community water sources is significantly different.

## METHODOLOGY

### 1 Study Sites

Field study conducted at the Khlong Chang and Ban Nong Trut community.

### 2 Data Collection

Measure temperature, pH, DO, Transparency and Conductivity and enter the data into the GLOBE Data Entry.

### 3 Design & Create Aquapurifier RoboFish

The Aquapurifier RoboFish prototype

### 4 Efficiency Testing

Test the Aquapurifier RoboFish's efficiency and the quality of water after passing through the Aquapurifier RoboFish

### 5 Data analysis

- Analyze the data for temperature, pH, DO, Transparency and conductivity.
- Compare water quality.

## RESEARCH RESULT

### Part 1 Water Quality in Khlong Chang and Ban Nong Trut Community

#### Figure 1 shows the water transparency at the study site

Area	Transparency (cm)
Khlong Chang area	117.3
Ban Nong Trut Community area	25.3

#### Figure 2 shows the water DO at the study site

Area	DO (mg/L)
Khlong Chang area	8.9
Ban Nong Trut Community area	1.2

#### Figure 3 shows the water conductivity at the study site

Area	Conductivity (µS/cm)
Khlong Chang area	179
Ban Nong Trut Community area	88

#### Figure 4 shows the water temperature at the study site

Area	Temperature (°C)
Khlong Chang area	30.0
Ban Nong Trut Community area	33.7

#### Figure 5 shows the water pH at the study site

Area	pH
Khlong Chang area	6.50
Ban Nong Trut Community area	8.98

#### Found grease stains

### Part 2 Design and Construction of the Aquapurifier RoboFish

#### Draft of Aquapurifier RoboFish

#### The Aquapurifier RoboFish when completed

#### Aquapurifier RoboFish Working diagram.

#### water treatment diagram

#### Control System

#### Buoy

#### Water propeller

#### Water treatment system

#### Blynk IoT application

### Part 3 Efficiency Testing of the Aquapurifier RoboFish

#### Absorption capacity (%)

Material	Absorption capacity (%)
water hyacinth	27.01
Pennisetum pedicellatum	79.4
Loofah sheet	55.62
A mixture of water hyacinth and Pennisetum pedicellatum flowers	63.92

#### Water quality

Indicators	before	after
temperature (°C)	27.3±0.2	26.4±0.2
pH	8.32±0.20	7.62±0.22
DO (mg/L)	1.5±0.1	7.3±0.1
Electrical conductivity (µS/cm)	88.4±5.0	180.8±7.2
Transparency value (cm)	24.4±0.5	117.3±0.3

## SUMMARY & DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

- 1 The water quality in Khlong Chang and Ban Nong Trut exhibits distinct variations; specifically, the Ban Nong Trud area shows the presence of surfacegrease.
- 2 The Aquapurifier robotic fish,designed for hydrocarbonabsorption, demonstrates a treatment capacity for grease-contaminated water at a rate of 2 L/min
- 3 The water quality treated by the robotic fish meets the official regulatory standards for effluent discharge into natural water bodies

## BENEFITS

- Improved water quality
- Reduced bad odors & water pollution
- Environmental conservation
- Ecosystem restoration

## SUGGESTIONS

- Enhance the rate of water intake into the treatment system.
- Develop the energy source of the oil absorbing robotic fish by using solar power installed on the dorsal fin.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Special thanks to Princess Chulabhorn Science High School Trang, Ban Nong Trut Community Tourism Enterprise Group

## REFERENCES

Enhancement and Conservation of National Environmental Quality Act (1992). Laws, Notifications, and Regulations Related to Pollution Control Re: Establishing Surface Water Quality Standards. Retrieved from <https://water.rid.go.th/hwm/swq/sediment/RPSED/water-soil1.htm>