

search title/ (Rainfall variation and its effect on the cultivation of Alonca in the city of Sabya)

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THE **GLOBE** PROGRAM

Global Learning and Observations to Benefit the Environment

Al-Mattan Intermediate and Secondary Girls School at Sabya School

Abstractt

This study aims to know the effect of rainfall variation on the cultivation of Alonca plant in the city of Sabya. From here, we began to propose the following: **Research question and hypothesis:**

· Does the variation in rainfall affect the cultivation of the Alunka plant in the city of Sabya?

Hypothesis:

· The variation in rainfall affects the cultivation of the Alunka plant in the city of Sabya Procedures

I used the descriptive survey and observation method and prepared a questionnaire about the effect of the lack of rain on the cultivation of the Alonca plant in the city of Sabya. Results:

There is a direct relationship between rainfall variation and the cultivation of the Alonca plant. The lower the rainfall, the lower the cultivation of the Alonca plant. Conclusions:

There is an effect of rainfall variation on the cultivation of the Alonca plant, and rain is considered one of the most important factors affecting the cultivation of the Alonca plant.

Research Question

Does the variation in rainfall affect the cultivation of the Alunka plant in the city of Sabya?

· Is there a relationship between the lack of rainfall and the lack of cultivation of the Alunka plant in the city of Sabya?

Introduction

The phenomenon of rain interruption and variation is one of the major problems that arid and semi-arid regions suffer from, because it has a negative impact on rain-fed agriculture. The city of Sabya suffers from this phenomenon. The study area includes most of the cultivated lands, and agriculture depends on rainwater and groundwater. This study aims to know the effect of interruption. Rainfall on the cultivation of the alonca in the city of Sabia, and from here we began to suggest the following.

Research Methods

Materials and method: Tools:

GLOBE devices (GPS - pen - paper Internet - computer - cloud chart - rain gauge) Globe Environmental website. The questionnaire * Preparation of the study tool: The research questionnaire was constructed, and in its final form it consisted of (5) paragraphs. The



We used the GLOBE website and devices to take data and determine the location. (Figure 1) The variation of rainfall in the region and a visualization of data for the location of Al-

Mutta'b School (Figure 2)

• The graph shows the variation in rainfall in the city of Sabya. The rainfall rate is observed to increase over the months. We can notice that in June the rate was constant until September, and then the rainfall rate decreased in the

remaining months.

Through observation, I noticed that agriculture increases during the rainv season in the city of Sabya, which is famous for growing seasonal crops. A number of photos were taken in two different seasons in terms of rainfall variation, and I noticed the difference between them as in (Figure 3-4).



Rainfall variation in the region (2)



Pictures of plants in the rainy season (Figure3)



A picture of a plant in the dry season (Figure 4)

Results

Then the researcher used the questionnaire Show results:

	approval in the questionnaire study tool							
Table No. (1)								
	paragraphs	descent				SMA	Tota	
1	Rain affects agriculture	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	80%	100%	
		83.9%	10.7%	2.7%	2.7%			
		High	Weak	Weak	Weak			
2	Rain is an important factor for growing trees	88.4%	9.8%	1.8%	0%	80%	100	
		High	Weak	Weak	None			
3	There is damage due to rain interruption	83%	14.3%	2.7%	0%	80%	100%	
		High	Weak	Weak	None			
4	Rain has a negative effect on	68.8%	11.6%	11.6%	8%	80%	100	
	the plant	High	Weak	Weak	Weak			
5	There is a relationship between rain and	81.3%	17%	1.8%	0%	80%	100	
	plant growth	High	Weak	Weak	None	1		

Discuss and explain the reasons/results related to the study questions and discuss them as shown through graphical forms.



The results during the statistical analysis highlighted some important matters: We found that the percentage of support in the opinion that rain affects agriculture was strongly estimated at 83.9%.

There is a strongly agreed percentage of respondents who answered that rain appears to be an important factor for planting trees, estimated at 88.4%. The percentage of support in the opinions that there are damages due to rain interruption was estimated at 83%.

The percentage of support in the opinion that rain has a negative effect on plants was estimated at 68.8%.

The percentage of support in opinions that there is a relationship between rain and plant growth was estimated at 81.3%

Discussion

There are many studies that have proven that there is a relationship between rainfall variation and lack of agriculture, and they were in agreement with our current study, but the

purpose of this study is to find appropriate solutions that help solve this problem in the city of Sabya, reducing the risk of lack of agriculture, and in light of what we have achieved in this Current research conclusions can be provided

The following recommendations:

- Conducting more advanced studies and experiments on rainfall variation and its relation to the lack of cultivation of the Alonca plant and its damages.

- Establishing scientific research centers and monitoring environmental problems by the Ministry of Health and the Ministry of Environment.

Conclusions

 There is an effect of rainfall variation on the cultivation of the Alonca plant, and rain is considered one of the most important factors affecting its cultivation.

• There is a direct relationship between rainfall variation and the cultivation of the Alonca plant, so the less rainfall, the less cultivation.

Bibliography

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عنوان البحث /تباين الأمطار وأثرها على زراعة نبات الالونكا في مدينة صبيا اسم الطالبة /عقيلة محمد يحيى جواحي

مدرسم متوسطة وثانوية المطعن مشرفة البحث/ أ. فائزة بحري



المقدمة

تعد ظاهرة انقطاع الأمطار وتباينها من المشكلات الكبيرة التي تعاني منها المناطق الجافة وشبه الجافة، وذلك لما لها آثار سلبية على الزراعة المطرية، ومدينة صبيا تعاني من هذه الظاهرة ، وتشتمل منطقة الدراسة على معظم الأراضي المزروعة ، وتعتمد الزراعة على مياه الأمطار والمياه الجوفية،

وتهدف هذه الدراسة إلى معرفة أثر انقطاع الامطار على زراعة نبات الالونكا في مدينة صبيا ومن هنا بدأنا في اقتراح ما يلي:

اسئلم البحث:

- هل يؤثر تباين الأمطار على زراعة نبات الألونكا في مدينة صبيا ؟

الفرضية :

- يؤثر تباين الامطار على زراعة نبات الالونكا في مدينة صبيا.

المشكلة

تباين الأمطار وأثرها على زراعة نبات الألونكا في مدينة صبيا .

أهداف الدراسة

-معرفة اثر انقطاع الامطار على زراعة نبات الالونكا في مدينة صبيا .

منهجية البحث

استخدمنا المنهج الوصفي المسحي والملاحظة . والاستبانة •استخدمنا موقع و أجهزة GLOBE لأخذ البيانات وتحديد الموقع . (شكل 1)



الأدوات المستخدمة (شكل ١)



شكل تباين الأمطار في المنطقة (٢)



صور النباتات في موسم الأمطار شكل رقم (٣)



صورة النبات في موسم الجفاف شكل (٤)

النتائج

أبرزت النتائج أثناء التطيل الإحصائي بعضا من الأمور الهامة : وجدنا أن نسبت التأييد في الآراء بأن المطر يؤثر على الزراعت حيث قدرت الموافقت بشدة بنسبت ٨٣.٩%

هناك نسبة متوافقة في الإجابة بالموافقة بشدة تظهر في المطر عامل مهم لزراعة الأشجار تقدر بنسبة ٨٨.٤%

و ظهرت نسبت التأييد في الآراء بأن توجد أضرار لانقطاعالامطارتقدر بنسبت٨٣%

ظهرت نسبت التأييد في الآراء بأن للمطر تأثير سلبي على النبات تقدر بنسبت ٦٨.٨%

ظهرت نسبة التأييد في الآراء بأن توجد علاقة بين الامطار ونمو النباتات تقدر بنسبة ٨١.٣%

الاستنتاجات:

- يوجد تأثير لتباين الامطار على زراعة نبات الالونكا و يعتبر المطر من اهم العوامل المؤثرة على زراعته .
- توجد علاقة طردية بين تباين الأمطار و زراعة نبات الألونكا فكلما قلت نسبة الأمطار قلت زراعته .

التوصيات

-إجراء مزيد من الدراسات والتجارب المتطورة حول تباين الامطار وعلاقته بقلة زراعة نبات الالونكا واضرارها - إقامة مراكز للبحث العلمي و رصد المشكلات البيئية من قبل وزارة الصحة و وزارة البيئة .

- د راسمّ البحث على نطاق واسع بمناطق مختلفمّ .

- استخدام طرق ري حديثة تساعد على استمرار نموه في أوقات الجفاف وانقطاع المطر.

قائمة المراجع

المعرض الافتراضي لجلوب 2023

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