

Impact of urban environment features on the microclimates of Tartu

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Research questions

1. Is there a difference of pressure between places at different elevations?
2. How does the abundance of vegetation impact temperature and humidity?
3. How does the distance to water bodies impact temperature and humidity?
4. Is there a temperature difference between technological and green areas?



Hypotheses

1. There is lower pressure at higher elevations.
2. There is higher humidity near water bodies.
3. The temperature is slightly higher near water bodies since there was a heatwave the day before.
4. Near technological surfaces (concrete, buildings), the temperature is higher and humidity lower compared to green areas.



Measurements

- Coordinates and elevation
- Temperature
- Humidity
- Pressure
- Cloud types and coverage



Equipment

- Thermometer
- Psychrometer
- Barometer
- Compass
- Mobile phone with GPS
- GLOBE cloud chart
- GLOBE Observer app



Location 1 - Kassitoome org (valley)

58°22'51"N 26°42'42"E elevation: 46.5m



Location 2 - Toomemägi (hill)

58°22'52"N 26°42'48"E elevation: 70m



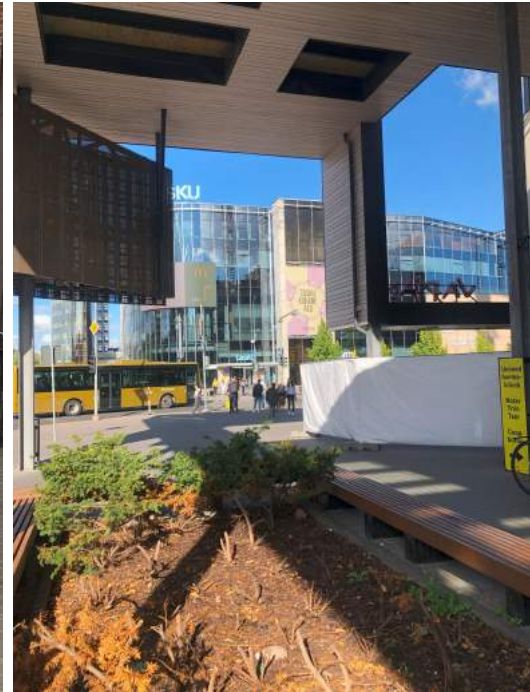
Location 3 - Raekoja plats (town square)

58°22'49"N 26°43'22"E elevation: 38m



Location 4 - Riia turu rist (big crossroads)

56°22'41"N 26°43'43"E elevation: 36m



Location 5 - Anne kanal (canal)

58°22'35"N 26°44'45"E elevation: 33m



Location 6 - Eeden (shopping centre)

58°22'26"N 26°45'4"E elevation: 34m



Location 7 - Sõpruse sild (bridge)

58°23'6"N 26°43'22"E elevation: 33m





Location 8 - Karupark (park)

58°22'20"N 26°44'39"E elevation: 64.5m



Expedition

- Total: 16 sets of measurements
- Fastest time for 1 set: 3min 13sec
- About 15 000 steps in total
- 10 km travelled
- Time spent: 4,5h





Results

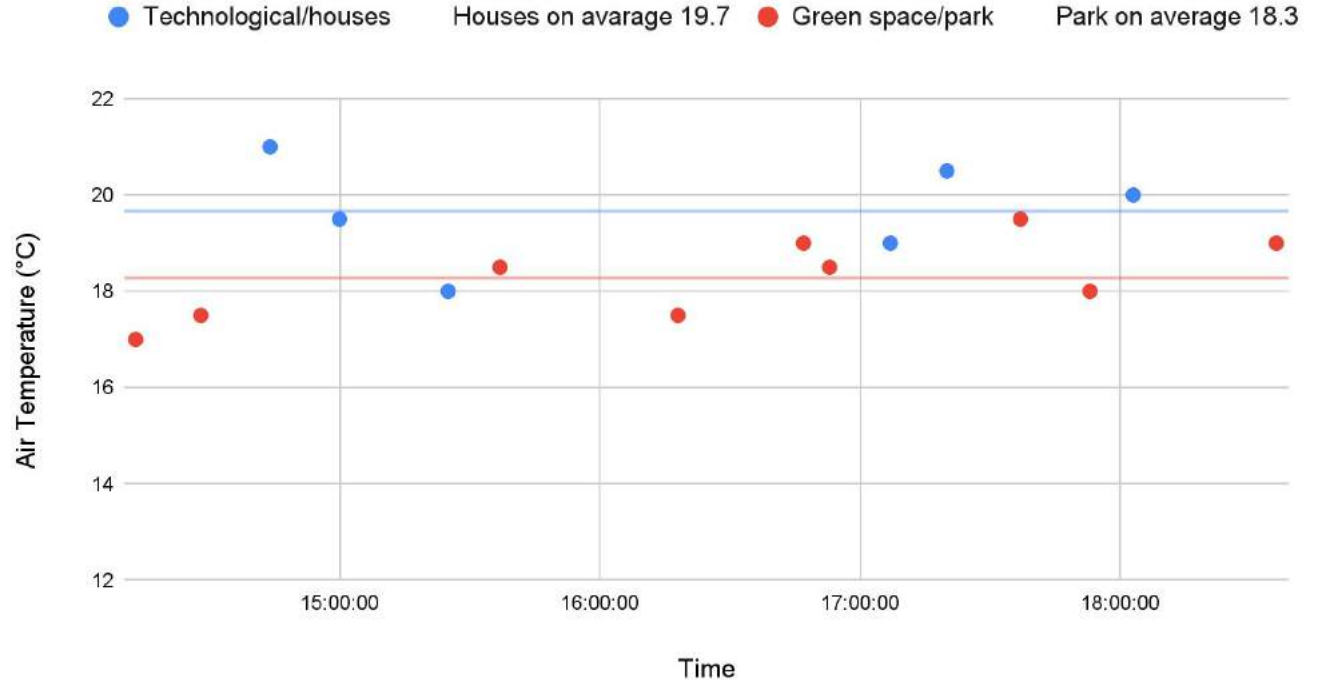




Temperature in technological Vs. green spaces

There is lower temperature in places with more vegetation.

Temperature in technological vs. green spaces



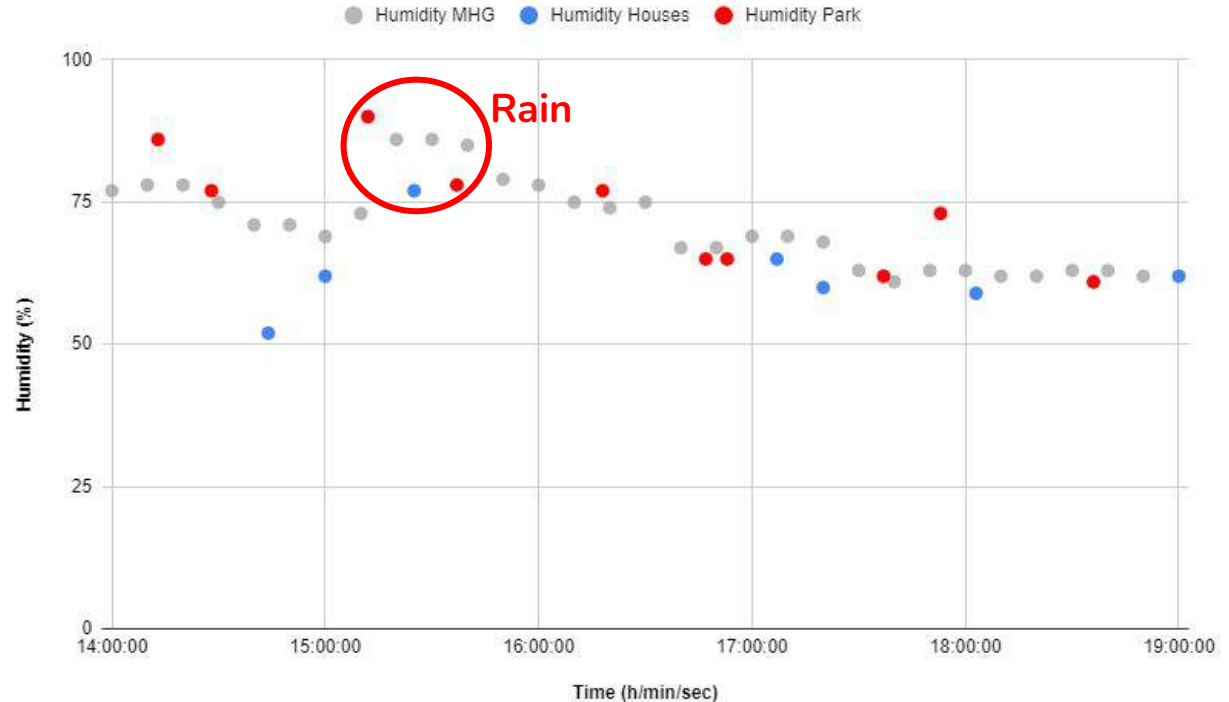


Humidity in technological and green spaces

Technological area
average: 62.5%

Green area average:
71.6%

Humidity in green
spaces tends to be
higher than in
technological areas.



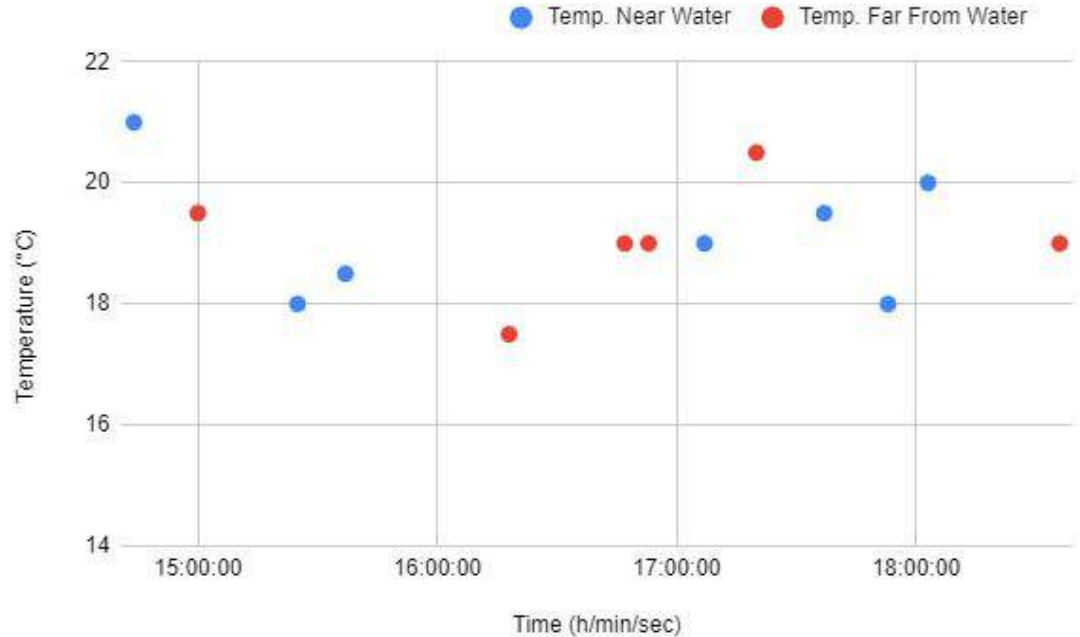


Temperature near vs. far from water

Near water average: 19.1°C

Far from water average: 19.1°C

Based on the data we collected, we couldn't determine whether the distance to water bodies impacts temperature.





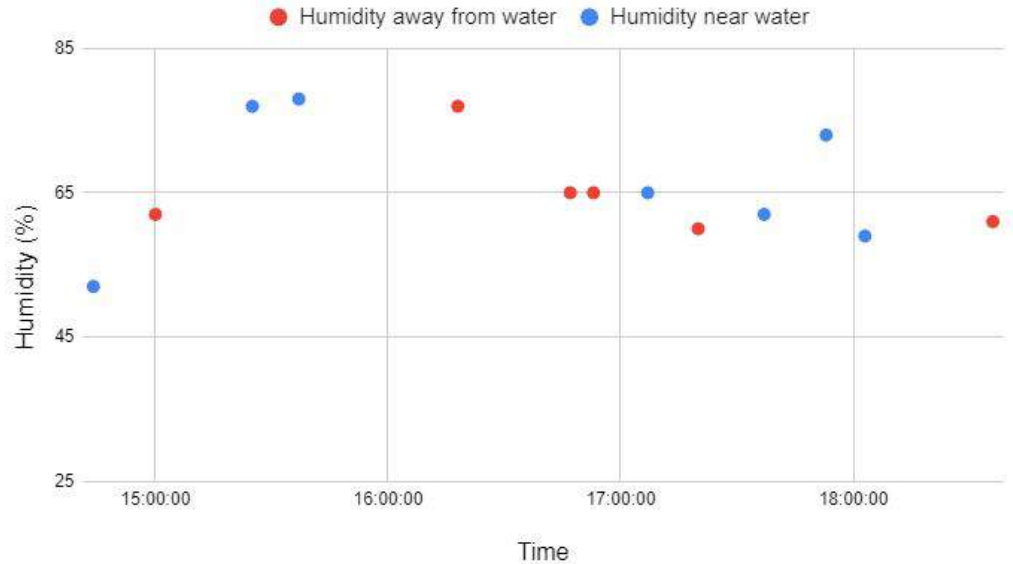
Humidity near vs. far from water

Near water average: 66.6%

Far from water average: 65.0%

Due to weather conditions we couldn't gather comprehensive data to prove that the air is more humid near water bodies.

Humidity near Vs. away from water





Pressure change between elevations

Time	Kassitoome org (46.5m)	Toomemägi (70m)	Difference
14.13-14.28	1007.5 mbar	1006.5 mbar	1 mbar
16.47-16.53	1010 mbar	1007.5 mbar	2.5 mbar
Average	difference		1.75 mbar

Our hypothesis was confirmed: there is lower pressure at higher elevation.

$p = Pgh$ - formula of pressure P - air density (1.14 kg/m³ according to MHG weather station),
 g - gravitational acceleration (9.81 m/s²)

Which means that the height $h = p/(Pg)$

After converting the pressure to pascals and putting in the values, we get that the height difference should be $h = 15.7\text{m}$. Difference in reality - 23.5m. Quite close!



Conclusion and discussion

We found out:

- There is lower temperature and more humidity in green areas - importance of nature in urban environments.
- Pressure change can be used to roughly measure elevation.

- Temperature data came from the psychrometer.
- Rain affected our measurements.
- For better results more data is needed.
- Should do these measurements in other seasons.





Sources

- <https://www.globe.gov/do-globe/globe-teachers-guide/atmosphere>
GLOBE atmosphere protocols
- <https://xgis.maaamet.ee/xgis2/page/app/maainfo> maa-amet map
- Photos taken by authors

**Thank you for your
attention!**

